

Life Assurance Investments Short Term Insurance



Theostraat/Street 145 Wierdapark Centurion

June 2023 Monthly Market Summary

Global Market and Economic Update

Global equity markets pushed higher during the month of June, largely driven by stronger than expected economic data, which reflected a resilient economy, despite the higher interest rate environment. Hawkish rhetoric from the major global central banks acted as a headwind to the performance of developed market bonds, as markets started to price in that interest rates are likely to stay elevated for longer than previously expected.

US Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell, announced during the month that the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) had decided to leave interest rates unchanged at a level of 5.00% - 5.25%. This marks the first policy meeting at which the FOMC has not raised interest rates, since it began its tightening cycle in March 2022.

US inflation data for May (released in June), showed that CPI had slowed to a year-on-year rate of 4.0% (from 4.9% year-on-year to the end of April). US core inflation, however, remains elevated, with the year-on-year print to the end of May coming in at a figure of 5.3%.

The UK continues to struggle to come to terms with rampant inflation. May inflation came in at a year-on-year rate of 8.7%, while core inflation (excluding volatile food and energy items), rose sharply in May to 7.1% (from 6.8% in April), the highest core inflation rate since March 1992.

The Bank of England's (BoE) Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) raised the main interest rate by 0.5% (the largest increase since February) during June, which increased the rate from 4.5% to 5.0%.

The Chinese economy continues to face headwinds on multiple fronts. The Chinese purchasing manufacturing index (PMI) came in at 49.0 in June (compared to 48.8 in May and 49.2 in April). The data indicates that factory activity for the world's second largest economy contracted for a third month, while non-manufacturing activity is at its weakest since the reopening of the Chinese economy towards the end of 2022.





Life Assurance Investments Short Term Insurance



Theostraat/Street 145 Wierdapark Centurion

South African Market Update

South African asset classes all produced positive performance in June, recovering some lost ground after a difficult month in May, as sentiment towards SA focussed equity counters and asset classes improved slightly over the month.

South African equities managed to eke out a positive return for the month, despite a significant divergence in the performance of the different local equity sectors. Financials rebounded strongly, after a difficult May, while the Resources sector came under significant pressure during the month, largely due to weaker commodity prices, particularly for platinum group metals (PGM's), as well as gold.

Local bonds rebounded strongly during the month, after a difficult May. The asset class reacted positively to improved sentiment from reduced load shedding as well as some positive moves in the local economic outlook, following a difficult start to the year in the first quarter of 2023.

Local property ended the month marginally higher, as there was significant divergence between the performance of the different counters during month. A rebound in some of the index heavy weights, including Resilient (+5.8%) and Redefine (+5.5%), contributed positively to performance, while Growthpoint (-0.3%) ended the month marginally lower.

South African Economic Update

Economic data for April (which was released in June) showed a recovery in the SA economy at the start of the second quarter after a difficult start to the year, despite ongoing challenges posed by the unstable electricity supply. SA's economic growth for the first quarter of 2023 slowed to 0.2% year-on-year, the slowest pace of growth since a contraction in the first quarter of 2021.

South Africa's annual headline inflation rate continued its downward trend during the month of May, coming in at a year-on-year rate of 6.3% (from 6.8% in April). The drop in headline inflation over the month was largely due to a significant fall in food inflation, which contributed 0.4% of the 0.5% overall fall in the headline inflation rate over the month.

Consumer and business confidence in SA continues to be depressed, with both facing severe headwinds from the steep interest rate hiking cycle from the South African Reserve Bank (SARB), the higher cost of living, the unstable electricity supply and increased geopolitical risks following government missteps.





Life Assurance Investments Short Term Insurance



Theostraat/Street 145 Wierdapark Centurion

≤ 51123 Wierdapark 0149 www.investment-advice.co.za

See below for a summary of the key market movements for the month:

- The **JSE All Share Index** (+1.4%) ended June higher, however, there was significant divergence between the different local equity sectors and counters during the month.
- **Financials** (+11.7%) and **Industrials** (+3.7%) both ended the month higher, however, **Resources**(-7.6%) came under significant pressure during the month, weighed down by weak performance from PGM and gold counters on the back of lower prices for these commodities.
- **Listed property** (+0.9%) ended the slightly higher, however, property remains the only local asset class with negative year-to-date performance. Sentiment towards local property remains depressed due to ongoing issues with electricity generation, as well as the weak local economic outlook.
- Local bonds (+4.6%) ended the month higher, rebounding significantly from disappointing performance in May. Yields on the shorter end of the nominal yield curve fell significantly during the month, which appears to indicate that investors expect that the interest rate hiking cycle is close to ending.
- Cash delivered a stable return of 0.7% for the month, with the outlook for the asset class continuing to benefit from higher interest rates from the SARB in response to elevated local inflation prints.
- Most of the major developed equity markets ended the month higher, driven by robust economic data, which mostly came in ahead of expectations. The **MSCI World Index** delivered a return of +6.1%, which was ahead of its emerging market peers.
- Emerging markets also delivered strong performance for the month, despite lagging developed market peers slightly. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index ended the month +3.9% higher in lune
- Most of the major global equity markets produced positive returns in June. Germany's FSE DAX(+5.5%), The UK's FTSE 100 (+4.0%) and Japan's Nikkei 225 (+4.0%) all ended the month higher. China's Shanghai SE Composite (-2.3%) was one of the few major global equity markets to end the month in negative territory, as investors came to terms with weak economic data releases during the month.
- US equities delivered strong performance during the month. The tech-heavy NASDAQ 100 (+6.6%) ended the month significantly higher, as the large cap technology and communication services companies continue to drive the US market higher. The S&P 500 (+6.6%) also ended the month higher.



frik@ccdweb.co.za



Life Assurance Investments Short Term Insurance



Theostraat/Street 145 Wierdapark Centurion

≤ 51123 Wierdapark 0149 www.investment-advice.co.za

• In terms of the major commodities **Gold** (-2.7%) and **Platinum** (-10.6%) both ended the month lower. **Oil** (+3.1%) ended the month higher, its first monthly gain of 2023, as markets worried about tightening supply after the US Energy Information Administration said crude inventories dropped by 9.6mn barrels for the week ended 23 June.

• The rand strengthened against most of the major crosses this month. The currency gained against the US dollar (+4.7%), euro (+2.4%), and the pound sterling (+2.2%) during the month.

Please let me know if you have any questions regarding your investment

Regards

Frikkie Nel

*All data is sourced from Morningstar Direct as at 2023/04/30. The performance of South African asset classes is quoted in rands and the performance of global asset classes is quoted in US dollars